

MA/MSCMT-04

June - Examination 2016

M.A./M.Sc. (Previous) Mathematics Examination**Differential Geometry and Tensors****Paper - MA/MSCMT-04****Time : 3 Hours]****[Max. Marks :- 80**

Note: The question paper is divided into three sections A, B and C. Use of non-programmable scientific calculator is allowed in this paper.

Section - A **$8 \times 2 = 16$**

(Very Short Answer Questions)

Note: Section 'A' contain (08) Very Short Answer Type Questions. Examinees have to attempt **all** questions. Each question is of 02 marks and maximum word limit may be thirty words.

- 1) (i) Write equation of osculating plane in terms of generating parameter ' t '.
- (ii) Define Torsion.
- (iii) Define Indicatrix.
- (iv) Write criterion for a surface to be developable.

- (v) Write first fundamental form.
- (vi) Write the relation between three fundamental form.
- (vii) Write differential equation of geodesics in a V_N .
- (viii) State Gauss's characteristics equation.

Section - B

$4 \times 8 = 32$

(Short Answer Questions)

Note: Section 'B' contain Short Answer Type Questions. Examinees have to answer **any four** (04) questions. Each question is of 08 marks. Examinees have to delimit each answer in maximum 200 words.

- 2) Prove that curvature and torsion of either associate Bertrand curves are connected by a linear equation.
- 3) Find the equation to the conoid generated by lines parallel to the plane XOY are drawn to intersect OZ and the curve $x^2 + y^2 = r^2$;
- $$\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = \frac{2z}{c}$$
- 4) Prove that the envelope of a family of surfaces touches each member of the family at all points of its characteristic.
- 5) Show that for the right helicoid $\vec{r} = (u \cos v, u \sin v, cv)$
- $$l = 0, m = 0, n = -u; \lambda = 0, \mu = \frac{u}{(n^2 + c^2)}, \nu = 0$$
- 6) If A^{ijk} is a skew-symmetric tensor; show that

$$A_{ji}^{ijk} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{g}} \frac{\partial}{\partial x^j} (A^{ijk} \sqrt{g})$$

- 7) Obtain differential equations of geodesics for the metric

$$ds^2 = f(x) dx^2 + dy^2 + dz^2 + \frac{1}{f(x)} dt^2$$

- 8) Contract the Riemann Christoffel tensor and find Ricci Tensor.

- 9) If the metric of a two dimensional flat space is

$$f(r) \left[(dx^1)^2 + (dx^2)^2 \right] \text{ where } (r)^2 = (x^1)^2 + (x^2)^2; \text{ show that } f(r) = c(r)^k \text{ where } c \text{ and } k \text{ are constants.}$$

Section - C

2 × 16 = 32

(Long Answer Questions)

Note: Section 'C' contain 04 Long Answer Type Questions. Examinees will have to answer **any two** (02) questions. Each question is of 16 marks. Examinees have to delimit each answer in maximum 500 words.

- 10) State and prove theorem related to geometrical significance of second fundamental form and derive Weingarten equations.

- 11) Find the principal sections and principal curvatures of the surface $x = a(u + v)$, $y = b(u - v)$, $z = uv$

- 12) State and prove Gauss - Bonnet theorem.

- 13) (i) Show that the metric of a Euclidean plane referred to cylindrical co-ordinates is given by

$$ds^2 = dr^2 + (rd\theta)^2 + dz^2$$

- (ii) Show that Divergence of Einstein Tensor Vanishes.

